

DISCLAIMER: In accordance with the *Community Safety and Policing Act* and the *Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*, the summary below has been de-identified to remove the personal information of individuals, including public complainants and persons who were the subject of the investigation.

DE-IDENTIFIED SUMMARY UNDER SECTION 167(2) OF THE CSPA

Original Police Service: Niagara Regional	Date of Co	omplaint: 04/01/2024
Type of Investigation:		
Referred to Same Service:	Referred to Other Service:	Retained by LECA:
Service Investigations Referred to:		
De-identified Summary of Complaint		

The complainant was driving on a roadway within the Niagara Region. Unbeknownst to the complainant, 30 minutes earlier, a shooting had occurred in a city within the Niagara Region. The suspect vehicle description was broadcast on the police radio system for all Niagara Regional Police officers to hear and look for the vehicle.

RO#1 was driving on the same roadway as the complainant, and observed the same vehicle that was broadcast over the police radio system. RO#1 input the license plate number into the police computer system incorrectly (one digit off). The wrong license plate was attached to a same coloured motor vehicle with a similar manufacturer year, but different make and model. RO#1 attempted to pull beside the vehicle to look in and see the driver, but the windows were heavily tinted; RO#1 was only able to ascertain that the driver was male and there was a passenger.

RO#1 requested back-up and when other police personnel were on scene, police personnel conducted high risk traffic stop. RO#1 along with RO#2 and RO#3 stopped the complainant's vehicle and at gunpoint, directed the complainant out of the vehicle and detained the complainant to further investigate.

RO#3 observed that there were children in vehicle and ordered police personnel to put their firearms away.

RO#1 input the proper license plate into the police computer system and learned the registered owner was CW#1 and the license plate matched the vehicle.

RO#1 released the complainant from custody and explained the situation to the complainant, that their vehicle matched the description of a suspect vehicle in a recent shooting.

The CSPA investigation concluded and found the complaint unsubstantiated.

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Unsubstantiated Code of Conduct Allegations

Undermine public trust contrary to section 10(1) of the Code of Conduct, Ontario Regulation 407/23.

Use excessive force contrary to section 11(1) of the Code of Conduct, Ontario Regulation 407/23.

Decision and Reasons

RO#1 observed a vehicle that matched the suspect vehicle in a recent shooting within the region.

RO#1 was acting on information that was inaccurate (incorrect license plate number), but had similar attributes of the suspect vehicle in a shooting - same colour, similar vehicle year but different make and model of vehicle. This information heightened RO#1's attention. RO#1 attempted to view inside the vehicle; however, the vehicle had a dark tint and was only able to ascertain that there was a male driver and female passenger.

RO#1 acting in good faith, that he was following a suspect vehicle in a shooting, requested back up officers to attend RO#1's location.

RO#1, RO#2 and RO#3 followed all Niagara Regional Police Service General Orders for Use of Force for stopping a high risk vehicle and and conducting a high risk vehicle stop. They were acting in good faith in efforts to protect the public.

As soon as RO#3 observed there were children in the vehicle, RO#3 ordered all police personnel to put their firearms away. RO#1 conducted a proper police computer search of the complainant's vehicle which revealed the vehicle was in good standing and the complainant was released in a short amount of time.

RO#1 explained to the complainant that the reason for the high risk traffic stop was because the complainant's vehicle matched the description of a suspect vehicle in a shooting.

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